# Ramgarhia Polytechnic College, Phagwara



# **Electronics & Communication Engineering Department**

Head of The Department: Er. Simranjit Singh

Name of the Faculty: Jaswinder Singh

Discipline: ECE

Semester: 1st

Subject: Applied Physics—I

Lesson Plan Duration: 16 Weeks

#### **RATIONALE**

RATIONALE Applied physics includes the study of a large number of diverse topics all related to things that go on in the world around us. It aims to give an understanding of this world both by observation and by prediction of the way in which objects will behave. Concrete use of physical principles and analysis in various fields of engineering and technology are given prominence in the course content. Note: Teachers should give examples of engineering/technology applications of various concepts and principles in each topic so that students are able to appreciate learning of these concepts and principles. In all contents, SI units should be followed.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After undergoing this course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Identify physical quantities, parameters and select their units for use in engineering solutions and make measurements with accuracy by optimising different types of errors Overcome communication barriers.
- CO2. Represent physical quantities as scalar and vectors and calculate area of an engineering design and determine net flow (flux) through a given closed surface, etc..
- CO3. Solve difficult problems (walking of man, horse and cart problem, flying of bird/aircraft, etc.)Read various genres adopting different reading techniques.
- CO4. Analyse and design banking of roads/railway tracks and apply conservation of momentum principle to Explain rocket propulsion, recoil of gun etc.
- CO5. Define work, energy and power and their units. Drive work, power and energy relationship and solve problems about work and power
- CO6. Classify sources of energy as renewable or non renewable. State the principle of conservation of energy. Give advantages and disadvantages of each energy source and Identify forms of energy, conversions. Compare and contrast the physical properties associated with linear motion and rotational motion and give examples of conservation of angular momentum. Describe the surface tension phenomenon and its units, cause of surface tension and effects of temperature on surface tension and Solve statics problems that involve surface tension related forces
- CO7. Describe the viscosity of liquids, coefficient of viscosity and the various factors affecting its value. calculate the viscosity of an unknown fluid using Stokes' Law and the terminal velocity
- CO8. Define stress and strain. State Hooke's law and conditions under which it is valid.

  Given an engineering stress—strain diagram, determine (a) the modulus of elasticity, (b) the yield strength, and (c) the tensile strength, and (d) estimate the percent elongation
- CO9. Express physical work in term of heat and temperature; Measure temperature in various processes on different scales (Celsius, Kelvin Fahrenheit etc.)
- CO10. Distinguish between conduction, convection and radiation, identify the different methods for reducing heat losses
- CO11. Define the terms: specific heat capacity, specific latent heat, analyse the result of heat transfer between bodies at different temperatures and states measure the specific heat capacity of a solid or a liquid.

PO ⇒	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
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CO1							
CO2							
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CO6							
CO7							
CO8							
CO9							
CO10							
CO11							

# Syllabus

Units	Details	Hours
1.		(10hrs)
	Units and Dimensions	
	1.1 Physical quantities Units - fundamental and derived units, systems of units (FPS,	
	CGS and SI units)	
	1.2 Dimensions and dimensional formulae of physical quantities (area, volume,	
	velocity, acceleration, momentum, force, impulse, work, power, energy, surface tension, coefficient of viscosity, stress, strain, moment of inertia, gravitational	
	constant.)	
	1.3 Principle of homogeneity of dimensions	
	1.4 Dimensional equations and their applications, conversion from one system of	
	units to other, checking of dimensional equations and derivation of simple equations)	
	1.5 Limitations of dimensional analysis	
	1.6 Error in measurement, absolute error, relative error, rules for representing	
	significant figures in calculation.	
	1.7 Application of units and dimensions in measuring length, diameter,	
	circumference, volume, surface area etc. of metallic and non metallic blocks, wires,	
0	pipes etc (at least two each).  Force and Motion	/4.2
2.	2.1 Scalar and vector quantities – examples, representation of vector, types of	(12
	vectors	hrs)
	2.2 Addition and Subtraction of Vectors, Triangle and Parallelogram law (Statement	
	only), Scalar and Vector Product.	
	2.3 Resolution of Vectors and its application to lawn roller.	
	2.4 Force, Momentum, Statement and Derivation of Conservation of linear	
	momentum, its applications such as recoil of gun.	
	2.5 Impulse and its Applications	
	2.6 Circular motion, definition of angular displacement, angular velocity, angular	
	acceleration, frequency, time period.  2.7 Relation between linear and angular velocity, linear acceleration and angular	
	acceleration (related numerical)	
	2.8 Expression and Applications of Centripetal and centrifugal forces with examples	
	such as banking of roads and bending of cyclist	
	2.9 Application of various forces in lifts, cranes, large steam engines and turbines.	
3.	Work, Power and Energy	(10hrs)
	3.1 Work: and its units, examples of zero work, positive work and negative work	
	3.2 Friction: modern concept, types, laws of limiting friction, Coefficient of friction	
	and its Engineering Applications.	
	3.3 Work done in moving an object on horizontal and inclined plane for rough and plane surfaces with its applications	
	3.4 Energy and its units: Kinetic energy and gravitational potential energy with	
	examples and their derivation	
	3.5 Principle of conservation of mechanical energy for freely falling bodies, examples	
	of transformation of energy.	
	3.6 Power and its units, calculation of power in numerical problems	
	3.7 Application of Friction in brake system of moving vehicles, bicycle, scooter, car	
	trains etc	

5.	4.1 Concept of translatory and rotatory motions with examples 4.2 Definition of torque and angular momentum and their examples 4.3 Conservation of angular momentum (quantitative) and its examples 4.4 Moment of inertia and its physical significance, radius of gyration for rigid body, Theorems of parallel and perpendicular axes (statements only), Moment of inertia of rod, disc, ring and sphere (hollow and solid) (Formulae only). 4.5 Application of rotational motions in transport vehicles, and machines.  Properties of Matter 5.1 Electricity definition of stress and strein different types of modulii of	(12
	5.1 Elasticity: definition of stress and strain, different types of modulii of elasticity, Hooke's law, significance of stress strain curve 5.2 Pressure: definition, its units, atmospheric pressure, gauge pressure, absolute pressure, Fortin's Barometer and its applications 5.3 Surface tension: concept, its units, angle of contact, Ascent Formula (No derivation), applications of surface tension, effect of temperature and impurity on surface tension 5.4 Viscosity and coefficient of viscosity: Terminal velocity, Stoke's law and effect of temperature on viscosity, application in hydraulic systems. 5.5 Concept of fluid motion, stream line and turbulent flow, Reynold's number Equation of continuity, Bernoulli's Theorem and their applications (no derivation and numerical).	hrs)
6.	Thermometry 6.1 Difference between heat and temperature 6.2 Modes of transfer of heat (Conduction, convection and radiation with examples) 6.3 Different scales of temperature and their relationship 6.4 Types of Thermometer (Mercury Thermometer, Bimetallic Thermometer, Platinum resistance Thermometer, Pyrometer) 6.5 Expansion of solids, liquids and gases, coefficient of linear, surface and cubical expansions and relation amongst them 6.6 Concept of Co-efficient of thermal conductivity 6.7 Application of various systems of thermometry in refrigeration and airconditioning etc.	(10hr)

(10hr)

#### **LIST OF PRACTICALS**(to perform minimum eight experiments)

- 1. To find volume of solid sphere using a vernier calipers
- 2. To find internal diameter and depth of a beaker using a vernier calipers and hence find its volume.
- 3. To find the diameter of wire using a screw gauge
- 4. To determine the thickness of glass strip using a spherometer
- 5. To verify parallelogram law of forces

**Rotational Motion** 

4.

- 6. To study conservation of energy of a ball or cylinder rolling down an inclined plane.
- 7. To find the Moment of Inertia of a flywheel about its axis of rotation
- 8. To determine the atmospheric pressure at a place using Fortin's Barometer
- 9. To determine the viscosity of glycerin by Stoke's method
- 10. To determine the coefficient of linear expansion of a metal rod
- 11. To determine force constant of spring using Hooks law.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Text Book of Physics for Class XI (Part-I, Part-II); N.C.E.R.T., Delhi
- 2. Applied Physics, Vol. I and Vol. II, TTTI Publications, Tata McGraw Hill, Delhi
- 3. Concepts in Physics by HC Verma, Vol. I & II, Bharti Bhawan Ltd. New Delhi
- 4. A Text Book of Optics, Subramanian and Brij Lal, S Chand & Co., New Delhi
- 5. Comprehensive Practical Physics, Vol, I & II, JN Jaiswal, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi
- 6. Engineering Physics by PV Naik, Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi
- 7. Applied Physics I & II by RA Banwait & R Dogra, Eagle Parkashan, Jalandhar 8. Engineering Physics by DK Bhhatacharya & Poonam Tandan.

#### **Delivery/Instructional Methodologies**

Sr.No.	Description			
1.	Chalk and Talk			
2.	PowerPoint Presentation			
3	Practical Demonstrtion			
4	Charts			

## **Assessment Methodologies**

Sr. No.	Description	Туре
1.	Student Assignment	Direct
2.	Test	Direct
3.	Board Examination	Direct
4.	Student Feedback	Direct

### Gaps in the syllabus - to meet industry/profession requirements

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION	PROPOSED ACTIONS	PO MAPPING
	N/A	N/A	N/A

# **Topics beyond syllabus/advanced topics**

Units	Details	Hours
N/A	N/A	N/A

## **Web Source References**

Sr. No.	URL
1.	www.wikipedia.com

## **Lesson Plan**

	Theory			Practical		
WEEK	Lecture/Day	Topic including Assignment, Test and Parent Teacher meetings.	DAY	TOPIC (to perform minimum eight experiments)		
	1	1. Units and Dimensions, Introduction to physics and the unit, why physics is called mother of all sciences, importance of measurement.				
	2	1.1 Physical quantities, Units.				
1ST	3	Fundamental and derived units, systems of units (FPS, CGS,MKS and SI units)	1.	Demonstration Experiment no.1. To find volume of solid sphere using a vernier calipers.		
10.	4	1.2 Dimensions and dimensional formulae of physical quantities (area, volume, velocity, acceleration, momentum, force, impulse, work, power, energy, surface tension, coefficient of viscosity, stress, strain, moment of inertia, gravitational constant.)				
2ND	5	1.3 Principle of homogeneity of dimensions 1.4 Dimensional equations and their applications,	2.	Demonstration Experiment no. 2. To find internal diameter and depth of a beaker using a vernier calipers and hence find its volume.		
	6	Conversion from one system of units to other,				
	7	Checking of dimensional equations				

	8	Derivation of simple equations		
3RD	9	1.5 Limitations of dimensional analysis 1.6 Error in measurement, absolute error, relative error, rules for representing significant figures in calculation.		
	10	1.7 Application of units and dimensions in measuring length, diameter, circumference, volume, surface area etc. of metallic and non metallic blocks, wires, pipes etc (at least two each).	3.	REVISION
	11	2.Force and Motion, 2.1 Scalar and vector quantities – examples, representation of vector, types of vectors		
	12	2.2 Addition and Subtraction of Vectors, Triangle and Parallelogram law (Statement only),		
	13	Examples and Numerical problems based upon Parallelogram Law of Vectors.	4.	Demonstration Experiment no.5. To verify parallelogram law of
4TH	14	Scalar and Vector Product,		forces
	15	2.3 Resolution of Vectors and its application to lawn roller.		
	16	2.4 Force, Momentum,		
	17	Statement and Derivation of Conservation of linear momentum, its applications such as recoil of gun.		
	18	2.5 Impulse and its Applications		
5TH	19	2.6 Circular motion, definition of angular displacement, angular velocity, angular acceleration, frequency, time period. 2.7 Relation between linear and angular velocity, linear acceleration and angular acceleration (related numerical)	5.	Demonstration Experiment no.3.  To find the diameter of wire using a screw gauge
	20	2.8 Expression and Applications of Centripetal and centrifugal forces with examples such as banking of roads and bending of cyclist		
	21	2.9 Application of various forces in lifts, cranes, large steam engines and turbines		
	22	Parent Teacher meeting-1		Demonstration Experiment no. 4. To determine the thickness of glass
6TH	23	House test-1	6.	strip using a spherometer
	24	3.Work, Power and Energy (10 hrs) 3.1 Work: and its units, examples of zero work, positive work and negative work		, 5 % 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

_	25	<ul> <li>3.2 Friction: modern concept, types, laws of limiting friction, Coefficient of friction and its Engineering Applications.</li> <li>3.3 Work done in moving an object on horizontal and inclined plane for rough and plane surfaces with its</li> </ul>		Demonstration Experiment no.6. To study conservation of energy of a ball or cylinder rolling down an	
7TH	27	applications  3.4 Energy and its units: Kinetic energy and gravitational potential energy with examples and their derivation	7.	inclined plane.	
	28	3.5 Principle of conservation of mechanical energy for freely falling bodies, examples of transformation of energy.			
	29	3.6 Power and its units, calculation of power in numerical problems			
8TH _	30	3.7 Application of Friction in brake system of moving vehicles, bicycle, scooter, car trains etc.	8.	REVISION	
8111	31	4 Rotational Motion , 4.1 Concept of translatory and rotatory motions with examples			
	32	4.2 Definition of torque and angular momentum and their examples			
	33	4.3 Conservation of angular momentum (quantitative) and its examples			
	34	Applications and Discussion		Demonstration Experiment no. 7.	
9TH	35	4.4 Moment of inertia and its physical significance, radius of gyration for rigid body,	9.	To find the Moment of Inertia of a flywheel about its axis of rotation	
	36	Numerical problems and discussion of topic			
	37	Theorems of parallel and perpendicular axes (statements only)			
10TH	38	Moment of inertia of rod, disc, ring and sphere (hollow and solid) (Formulae only).	10.	Demonstration Experiment no.11. To determine force constant of	
	39	4.5 Application of rotational motions in transport vehicles, and machines.		spring using Hooks law.	
	40	Parents And Teachers meeting, And Test-2			
11TH	41	5. Properties of Matter (12 hrs) 5.1 Elasticity: definition of stress and strain,	11.		

		Different types of modulii of			
	42	elasticity, Hooke's law, significance of stress strain curve	11.	Demonstration Experiment no.8. To determine the atmospheric pressure at a place using Fortin's	
	43	5.2 Pressure: definition, its units, atmospheric pressure, gauge pressure, absolute pressure, Fortin's Barometer and its applications		Barometer	
	44	5.3 Surface tension: concept, its units, angle of contact, Ascent Formula (No derivation),			
	45	Applications of surface tension, effect of temperature and impurity on surface tension			
42711	46	Parent teacher meet-2	12		
12TH	47	House Test-2	12.	REVISION	
	48	Discussion, Oral Test, Practice numericals			
	49	5.4 Viscosity and coefficient of viscosity: Terminal velocity, Stoke's law and effect of temperature on viscosity, application in hydraulic systems.	13.	Demonstration Experiment no. 9. To determine the viscosity of	
13TH	50	5.5 Concept of fluid motion, stream line and turbulent flow, Reynold's number Equation of continuity,		glycerin by Stoke's method	
	51	Bernoulli's Theorem and their applications (no derivation and numerical).			
	52	Applications of Bernoulli's Theorm.			
	53	Discussion on difficulties and Problems			
14TH	54	6. Thermometry, 6.1 Difference between heat and temperature	14.	Demonstration Experiment no. 10.  To determine the coefficient of	
14111	55	6.2 Modes of transfer of heat (Conduction, convection and radiation with examples)	14.	linear expansion of a metal rod	
	56	6.3 Different scales of temperature and their relationship			
	57	6.4 Types of Thermometer (Mercury Thermometer, Bimetallic Thermometer, Platinum resistance Thermometer, Pyrometer)	16.	DEMICION	
15TH	58	6.5 Expansion of solids, liquids and gases, coefficient of linear, surface and cubical expansions and relation amongst them	10.	REVISION	
	59	6.6 Concept of Co-efficient of thermal conductivity			

	60	6.7 Application of various systems of thermometry in refrigeration and airconditioning etc.		
16TH	61	Discussion about dificulties	16.	
	62	Parent teacher meet-3		REVISION
	63	House Test-3		
	64	Discussion.		