# Ramgarhia Polytechnic College, Phagwara



# <u>Electronics and Communication Engineering</u> <u>Department</u>

Head of Department: Er. Simranjit Singh Kahlon

5th

Name of the Faulty: Er. Sangita Salhan

Discipline: ECE Department

Semester:

Subject: Computer Networks

Lesson Plan Duration: 16 Weeks

#### RATIONALE

The future of computer technology is in computer networks. Global connectivity can be achieved through computer networks. A diploma holder in electronics and communication engineering should therefore understand the function of networks. Knowledge about hardware and software requirements of networks is essential.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course, the learner should be able to

- CO1. Recognize the physical topology and cabling (coaxial, OFC, UTP, STP) of a network
- CO2. Recognize various types of connectorsRJ-45, RJ-11, BNC and SCST
- CO3. Demonstrate various types of networking models and protocol suites
- CO4. Install and configure a network interface card in a workstation
- CO5. Identify the IP address of a workstation and the class of the address and configure the IP Address on a workstation
- CO6. Configure the routers
- CO7. Demonstrate sub netting of IP address
- CO8. Identify connectivity troubleshooting using PING, IPCONFIG, IFCONFIG
- CO9. Explain concepts of wireless networking

PO ⇒	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
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CO1							
CO2							
CO3							
CO4							
CO5							
CO6							
CO7							

CO8				
CO9				

# Syllabus

Units	Details	Hours			
1.	Networks Basics	(06 hrs)			
	What is network				
	Peer-to –peer Network				
	Server Client Network				
	LAN, MAN and WAN				
	Network Services				
	Topologies				
	Switching Techniques				
2.	OSI Model	(08 hrs)			
	- Standards				
	- OSI Reference Model				
	- OSI Physical layer concepts				
	- OSI Data-link layer concepts				
	- OSI Networks layer concepts				
	- OSI Transport layer concepts				
	- OSI Session layer concepts				
	- OSI presentation layer concepts				
	- OSI Application layer concepts				
3.	Introduction to TCP/IP	(07 hrs)			
	Concept of physical and logical addressing				
	Different classes of IP addressing, special IP address				
	Sub netting and super netting				
	Loop back concept				
	IPV4 and IPV6 packet Format				

	Configuring IPV4 and IPV6	
4.	Cables and Connectors Types of Cables( Coaxial, Twisted Pair), Shielded and Unshielded Pair of Cables (Straight wire Cable, CrossOver Cables) with colour coding. Ethernet Specification and Standardization:	(06 hrs)
	10 Mbps (Traditional Ethernet), 100 Mbps (Fast Ethernet) and 1000 Mbps (Gigabit Ethernet),Leased lines. Use of RJ45, RJ11, BNC,SCST.	
5.	Network Connectivity Network connectivity Devices NICs Hubs Repeaters Switches Routers and Routing Protocols. Configuring of Routers. VOIP and Net-to-Phone Telephony	(6 hrs)
6.	Network Administration / Security Client/Server Technology Server Management RAID management and mirroring Cryptography Ethical Hacking	(06 hrs)
7.	Network Trouble Shooting Techniques Trouble Shooting process Trouble Shooting Tools: PING,IPCONFIG, IFCONFIG, NETSTAT, TRACEROOT, Wiresharp/ Dsniffer/ Pcop	(05hrs)

8.	Wireless Networking	(04 hrs)
	Basics of Wireless: Wireless MAN, Networking, Wireless LAN, Wi-Fi, WiMax (Broad-band Wireless) and Li-Fi.	

#### LIST OF PRACTICALS

- 1. Recognize the physical topology and cabling (coaxial, OFC, UTP, STP) of a network.
- 2. Recognition and use of various types of connectors RJ-45, RJ-11, BNC and SCST
- 3. Making of cross cable and straight cable.
- 4. Install and configure a network interface card in a workstation.
- 5. Identify the IP address of a workstation and the class of the address and configure theIP Address on a workstation
- 6. Configuring of router using simulator (Example Cisco Packet Tracer).
- 7. Study and demonstration of sub netting of IP address
- 8. Use of Netstat and its options.
- 9. Connectivity troubleshooting using PING, IPCONFIG, and IFCONFIG
- 10. Configuring of IP addresses using simulator (Example Cisco Packet Tracer).

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Computer Networks by Tanenbaum, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- Data Communications and Networking by Forouzan, (Edition 2nd and 4th), Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt Ltd, New Delhi
- 3. Data and Computer Communication by William Stallings, Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 4. Local Area Networks by Peter Hudson
- 5. Understanding Local Area Network by Neil Jenkins
- 6. Area Networks by Stan Schatt, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 7. Network+ Lab manual,- BPB Publications -by Tami Evanson
- 8. Networking Essentials BPB Publications New Delhi
- 9. Computer Network and Communications By V.K. Jain and Narija Bajaj, Cyber Tech Publications, New Delhi.

- 10. Linux The complete Reference by Richard Peterson, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- 11. Linux Install and Configuration Black Book by Dee Annleblanc and Issac Yates, IDG Books India Private Limited, Delhi.
- 12. Computer Network by J.S. Katre, Tech-Max Publication, Pune

#### **Delivery/Instructional Methodologies**

Sr.No.	Description			
1.	Chalk and Talk			
2.	PowerPoint Presentation			

#### **Assessment Methodologies**

Sr. No.	Description	Туре
1.	Student Assignment	Direct
2.	Test	Direct
3.	Board Examination	Direct
4.	Student Feedback	Direct

#### Gaps in the syllabus - to meet industry/profession requirements

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION	PROPOSED ACTIONS	PO MAPPING
	N/A	N/A	N/A

### **Topics beyond syllabus/advanced topics**

Units	Details	Hours
N/A	N/A	N/A

## Web Source References

Sr. No.	URL
1.	

### Lesson Plan

Week	Theory		Practical		
	Lecture Day		Practical Day		
1 <sup>st</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup> 3 <sup>rd</sup>	Networks Basics What is network Peer-to –peer Network Server Client Network LAN, MAN and WAN	1.	1. Recognize the physical topology and cabling (coaxial, OFC, UTP, STP) of a network.	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup> 5 <sup>th</sup>	Network Services Topologies Switching Techniques	2.	Revision 1 <sup>st</sup> Practical	

3 <sup>rd</sup>	7 <sup>th</sup> 8 <sup>th</sup>	OSI Model Standards OSI Reference Model OSI Physical layer concepts OSI Data-link layer concepts	3.	<ol> <li>Recognition and use of various types of connectors RJ-45, RJ- 11,BNC and SCST</li> </ol>
	9 <sup>th</sup>	SEMINAR		
	10 <sup>th</sup>	OSI Networks layer concepts OSI Transport layer concepts		
ath	11 <sup>th</sup>	OSI Session layer		Revision 2 <sup>nd</sup> Practical
4 <sup>11</sup>	12 <sup>th</sup>	OSI presentation layer concepts OSI Application layer concepts	4.	
	13 <sup>th</sup>	Introduction to TCP/IP		3. Making of
	14 <sup>th</sup>	logical addressing Different classes of IP addressing, special IP	5.	cross cable and straight cable.
5 <sup>th</sup>	15 <sup>th</sup>	address		
	16 <sup>th</sup>			
		REVISION		Revision 3rd
	17 <sup>th</sup>	РТМ	6.	Practical

6 <sup>th</sup>	18 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup> Sessional Test (Tentative)		
7 <sup>TH</sup>	19 <sup>th</sup>	Sub netting and super netting Loop back concept		4. Install and configure a network interface card
	20 <sup>th</sup>	IPV4 and IPV6 packet Format	7.	in a workstation.
	21 <sup>th</sup>	Configuring IPV4 and IPV6		
	22 <sup>th</sup>	Cables and Connectors Types of cables, Straight wire Cable.		
	23 <sup>th</sup>	CrossOver Cables) with colour coding.		Revision 4 <sup>th</sup> Practical
	24 <sup>th</sup>		8.	
8 <sup>th</sup>				
	25 <sup>th</sup>	Ethernet Specification and Standardization:		5. Identify the IP
	26 <sup>th</sup>	10 Mbps (Traditional Ethernet), 100 Mbps (Fast Ethernet) and 1000	9.	address of a workstation and the class
9 <sup>th</sup>	27 <sup>th</sup>	Mbps ,Leased lines. Use of RJ45, RJ11, BNC,SCST.		of the address and configure the IP Address on a workstation

	28 <sup>th</sup> 29 <sup>th</sup>	Network Connectivity Network connectivity Devices NICs Hubs	10.	Revision 5 <sup>th</sup> Practical
10 <sup>th</sup>				
	30 <sup>th</sup>			
	<b>31</b> <sup>st</sup>	Repeaters Switches Routers and Routing		6. Configuring of router using
	32 <sup>nd</sup>	Protocols. Configuring of Routers.	11	simulator (Example - Cisco Packet
11 <sup>th</sup>	33 <sup>th</sup>	VOIP and Net-to-Phone Telephony		Tracer).
	34 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION		
12 <sup>th</sup>	35 <sup>th</sup>	РТМ		Revision 6 <sup>th</sup> Practical
	36 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sessional Test (Tentative)	12.	
	37 <sup>th</sup>	Network Administration / Security	13.	7. Study and demonstration
	38 <sup>th</sup>	Client/Server Technology Server Management RAID management and mirroring Cryptography Ethical Hacking		of sub netting of IP address

39 <sup>th</sup>			
40 <sup>th</sup>	Network Trouble Shooting Techniques Trouble Shooting process		8. Use of Netstat and its options
41 <sup>st</sup>	Trouble Shooting Tools:	14	
	IFCONFIG, NETSTAT		
42 <sup>nd</sup>	TRACEROOT, Wiresharp/ Dsniffer/ Pcop		
43 <sup>th</sup>	Wireless Networking Basics of Wireless:		
44 <sup>th</sup>	Wireless MAN, Networking Networking, wireless I AN Wi-Fi WiMax (Broad	15.	9. Connectivity troubleshootin g using PING, IPCONFIG, IFCONFIG
45 <sup>th</sup> band Wireless	band Wireless) and Li-Fi		
46 <sup>th</sup>	REVISION		10. Configuring of IP addresses using simulator
47 <sup>th</sup>	РТМ	16.	(Example - Cisco Packet Tracer)
48 <sup>th</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup> Sessional Test (Tentative)		
	39 <sup>th</sup> 40 <sup>th</sup> 41 <sup>st</sup> 41 <sup>st</sup> 42 <sup>nd</sup> 43 <sup>th</sup> 44 <sup>th</sup> 45 <sup>th</sup> 45 <sup>th</sup> 45 <sup>th</sup> 45 <sup>th</sup>	39th40th40thA1tstTrouble Shooting Techniques Trouble Shooting process41stTrouble Shooting Tools: PING,IPCONFIG, NETSTAT42ndTRACEROOT, Wiresharp/ Dsniffer/ Pcop43thBasics of Wireless: Wireless MAN, Networking, wireless: LAN, Wi-Fi,WiMax,(Broad band Wireless) and Li-Fi46th47th48th3rdSessional Test (Tentative)	39thNetwork Trouble Shooting Techniques Trouble Shooting process41stNetwork Trouble Shooting Techniques Trouble Shooting process41stTrouble Shooting Tools: PING,IPCONFIG, IFCONFIG, NETSTAT42ndTRACEROOT, Wiresharp/ Dsniffer/ Pcop43thWireless Networking Basics of Wireless: Wireless MAN, Networking, wireless LAN, Wi-Fi,WiMax,(Broad band Wireless) and Li-Fi46thREVISION47thPTM48th3rd Sessional Test (Tentative)

#### NBA has defined the following seven POs for an Engineering diploma graduate:

i) **Basic and Discipline specific knowledge**: Apply knowledge of basic mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals and engineering specialization to solve the engineering problems.

ii) **Problem analysis:** Identify and analyze well-defined engineering problems using codified standard methods.

iii) **Design/ development of solutions**: Design solutions for well-defined technical problems and assist with the design of systems components or processes to meet specified needs.

iv) **Engineering Tools, Experimentation and Testing**: Apply modern engineering tools and appropriate technique to conduct standard tests and measurements.

v) **Engineering practices for society, sustainability and environment**: Apply appropriate technology in context of society, sustainability, environment and ethical practices.

vi) **Project Management**: Use engineering management principles individually, as a team member or a leader to manage projects and effectively communicate about well-defined engineering activities.

vii) **Life-long learning**: Ability to analyze individual needs and engage in updating in the context of technological changes.

#### **Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)**

PSOs are a statement that describes what students are expected to know and be able to do in a specialized area of discipline upon graduation from a program. Program may specify 2-4 program specific outcomes, if required. These are the statements, which are specific to the particular 11 program. They are beyond POs. Program Curriculum and other activities during the program must help in the achievement of PSOs along with POs.